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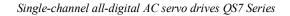
Adtech (Shenzhen) Technology Co., Ltd



Basic Information of Manual

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Date	Version/Pag	ge Re	esult	Confirm	mation					

Precautions and Explanations





■Transport and storage

- Do not stack product package more than six layers;
- Do not climb, stand on or place heavy stuff on the product package;
- Do not pull the cable still connecting with machine to move product.
- Forbid impact and scratch on the panel and display;
- Prevent the product package from humidity, sun exposure, and rain.

■Wiring

• Ensure the persons involved into wiring and inspecting are specialized staff;

•Guarantee the product is grounded with less than 4Ω grounding resistance. Do not use neutral line (N) to substitute earth wire.

• Ensure grounding to be correct and solid, in order to avoid product failures or unexpected consequences;

• Connect the surge absorption diodes to the product in the required direction, otherwise, the product will be damaged;

• Ensure the power switch is OFF before inserting or removing plug, or disassembling chassis.

Overhauling

• Ensure the power is OFF before overhauling or components replacement;

• Make sure to check failures after short circuit or overloading, and then restart the machine after troubleshooting

• Do not allow to frequently connect and disconnect the power, and at least one minute interval between power-on and power-off.

■ Maintenance

Please implement routine inspection and regular check upon the following items, under the general usage conditions (i.e. environmental condition: daily average 30°C, load rate: 80%, and operating rate: 12 hours/ day)

Routine Inspection	Routine	 Confirm environmental temperature, humidity, dust, or foreign objects. Confirm abnormal vibration and noise; Check whether vents are blocked by yarn etc
Regular Check	One year	 Check whether solid components are loose Confirm whether terminal block is damaged

Guarantee period

the guarantee period is 12 months (from the date of shipment), if it is broken under correct operation in guarantee period, we can promise give our customer repair for free. •

broken by the reason as below, customer need pay for the maintainance:

(1) wrong operation and repair by customer themself, retrofit induce driver broken;

(2) broken by fire, water, abnormal voltage, other accident or twice accident induced device broken

- (3) broken by human accident;
- (4) doesn't operate base on our use mamual book

Anyother reasons, please contact us.

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CHAPTER1 PRODUCT'S INSPECTION AND INFORMATION

1.1 Product's inspection

The product's function and stability has been tested before shipment, for avoid some abnormal oversight accident induce the problem happen in transportation, pls check the item as below:

- Pls confirm if the product's model number and make sure it is the model you want.
- Compare the product list and see if accessories integrity and not been broken
- Check the appearance of motor and driver, if it is damage by the transportation, do not electrify
- Inspection if any parts fall off
- Inspect the axis of the motor can rolling by hand smoothly. Note motor with break can't be roll without external breaking power.

If any abnormal happen as describe above, pls contact us as soon as possible.

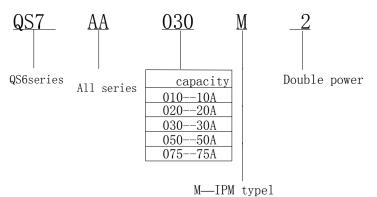
1.2 Product's nameplate

ADTECH	
SERVO DRIVER MODEL:QS7AA050M2 POWER:50A INPUT:220V 1Ph 50/60HZ No. XXXXXXXXXX V. 3006 MDE IN CHINA	Driver mode Capacity Power input S.N version

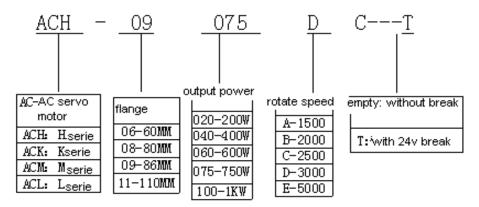


1.3Naming rule of servo motor and driver

1.3.1 Servo driver's naming



1.3.2 Servo motor's naming rule



//DTECH 众为兴

1.4 Match chart of servo motor and driver

Output rate	series	Servo motor	Servo driver	В	К	Motor rate torque and current
50W	ACN	ACN04005DC			S	0.1Nm,1.20A
100W	ACN	ACN04010DC	0574 401014		S	0.1Nm,1.38A
	ACH	ACH-06020DC	QS7AA010M		S	0.64Nm,1.38A
200W	MRMS	MRMS06020D			S	0.64Nm,1.40A
400337	MRMS MRMS06040D QS7AA010M			S	1.27Nm,2.80A	
400W	АСН	ACH-06040DC	QS7AA020M		S	1.27Nm,2.89A
	MRMS	MRMS08075D			S	2.39Nm, 5A
77011	АСН	ACH-08075DC			S	2.40Nm,4.78A
750W	ACH	ACH-09075DC			S	2.40Nm,3.00A
	АСН	ACH-08075BC	QS7AA020M		S	3.50Nm,3.00A
1000W	АСН	ACH- 09075DC-T		В	Μ	2.40Nm,4.78A
	MRMS	MRMS08100D			S	3.3Nm,5.5A
	АСН	ACH- 13100CC-T			S	4.00Nm,4.00A
1200W	АСН	ACH-11120BC			S	6.00Nm,4.50A
	АСН	ACH-11120DC	QS7AA030M		Μ	4.00Nm,5.00A
	АСН	ACH- 11120BC-T		В	S	6.00Nm,4.50A
1500W	ACH	ACH-13150CC			Μ	6.00Nm,6.00A
	АСН	ACH-11150DC			М	5.00Nm,6.00A
	АСН	ACH-13150AC			Μ	10.0Nm,6.00A
1800W	АСН	ACH- 13150AC-T	QS7AA050M2	В	S	10.0Nm,6.00A
1800W	АСН	ACH-11180DC	QS7AA075M2		Μ	6.00Nm,6.00A
2000W	АСН	ACH- 13200CC-T		В	Μ	7.70Nm,7.00A
2300W	ACH	ACH-13230AC			L	15.0Nm,9.50A
	B: With b	arek S: Small in	ertia M: Mid inert	ia I	. B	ig inertia



- Three phase full-wave rectification control technique SVPWM Space Vector cotrol Powe input AC220V -15%~10% 2500-line incremental photoelectric reaction encoder 45°C/-40°C~55°C Base use/Storage temperature specifi use/Storage humidity 40%~80%/90% (non condensing) cation degrees Protection level **IP10** Use condition Vibration resistance/ inpact $4.9 \text{m/s}^2/19.6 \text{m/s}^2$ resistance <1000m,1000m reduce rate voltage sea level elevation Atm press 86~106kpa 1. inpulse+direction Impulse 2. inpulse+inpulse various 3. A+B 90°Orthogonal pulse Positio Input Command Pulse 1. Differential drive n signal inpulse form 2. collector open circuit mode 1. Differential drive: 500K impulse frequency 2. collector open circuit: 200K Simulation command input -10V~10V input impedanc 10kΩ Command +/- speed Parameter setting Speed mode Instructions percentage Parameter setting External analogue & Internal speed instructions Instructions source -10V~10V, input impedanc $10k\Omega$ Simulation command input Torque Parameter setting Command +/- speed mode Instructions percentage Parameter setting Instructions source External analogue & Internal speed instructions Encoder A, B, Z differ act output, Zsignal Pulse output signal corrector output Servo EN, ACLR, Position banned, Are turning I/O Input signal the limit, Reversal limit, conrol mode. signal Positioning complete, Servo alarm, servo Output signal ready, break output, zero point output overcurrent, overvoltage, low voltage, overload Protection vover heat lack phase, over speed encoder function abnormal, outoftolerance, mode abnormal alarm etc. Built Rotate speed, current location, current pulse in Surveillance frequency, positional deviation, Motor torque, Motor Functi Function ons current, Analog input values, etc Through RS232 reality communication with PC, reality Communication function parameter change, monitor of servo system's wroking deixis 6 point LED display Other speed regulation 1:5000 charact ratio Speed fluctuation eristics $<\pm 0.03\%$ (Rated load in) rate
- 1.5 Technical specifications of servo driver



CHAPTER II INSTALLMENT

2.1 SERVO DRIVER'S INSTALLMENT

2.1.1 Installing environmental conditions

The install environment has directly effect of driver's function and service life, so it must be installed under condition as below:

1. Working temperature: $0 \sim 45^{\circ}$ C; Work environment humidity: lower than $40\% \sim 80\%$ (non condensing).

2. Storage environment temperature: -40~55 $^\circ C$; Storage environment humidity: lower than 90% (non condensing)_

- 3. vibrate: lower than $0.5G_{\circ}$
- 4. To prevent the rain drops of rain or moist environment.
- 5. Avoid direct sunlight.
- 6. Prevent oil mist, erosion of salt.
- 7. Prevent corrosive liquid, gas.
- 8. Prevent dust, cotton fibre And metal scraps into thin.
- 9. Far from radioactive substances and flammable objects.

10. Many driver install in one box, pls remain enough space between each driver, it is better for flow of air to help heat dissipation, Please plus the configuration of the fan, make sure the temperature not too high. The safe temperature is $45 ^{\circ}C_{\circ}$

11. Near a vibration sources, pls add a vibration absorber or vibration rubber gaskets if can not avoid the vibration

12. Jamming equipment around the servo drive will produce interference, resulted in false o peration. Noise filter and other anti-jamming measures can be used to guarantee drive to operate normally. Please note that leakage current will increase after noise filter added. To avoid the abo ve situation, isolation transformer can be adopted. Please pay special attention that reasonable wr ing and shielding measures can prevent drive control signal from interference.

2.1.2 Use under harsh environments

When used in harsh environments, servo drive will contact with corrosive gases, moisture, metal dust, water and processing liquids, which shall bring the malfunctions. Therefore, noise filter and other anti-interference measures should be taken to ensure the drive to work normally. Please note that leakage current will be increased after installed noise filter. In order to avoid the above situation, you can select isolation transformer, in particular, control signal lines of drive are easy to be interfered and reasonable wiring and shielding measures should be considered.

2.1.3 Installation method

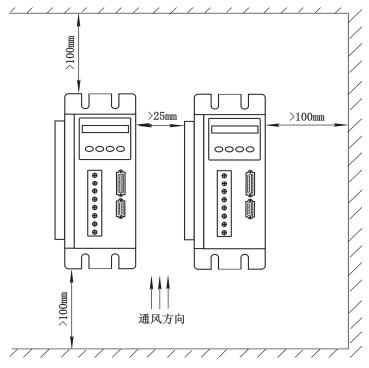
• Installation direction: the direction of the normal installation is vertical upright orientation.

• Fixing: 4 pieces M5 screw on servo drive should be fixed.

• Ventilation and cooling: natural cooling mode is adopted. Cooling fan should be installed in the electric control cabinet.



2.1.4 Multi- drivers install



2.2 Servo motor's install

- Working environment temperature: $0 \sim 45 \,^{\circ}\text{C}$; Work environment humidity: lower than 40% $\sim 80\%$ (non condensing).
- Storage environment temperature: $-40\sim55$ °C; Storage environment humidity: lower than 80% (non condensing).
- vibrate: lower than $0.5G_{\circ}$
- Avoid direct sunlight.
- Prevent oil mist, erosion of salt.
- Prevent corrosive liquid, gas.

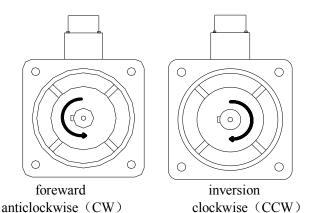
2.3 Notice of installment

- Do not hit motor or motor shaft while disassembling pulley, in order to prevent encoder from damage; use spiral drawing tools for disassembly;
- Prohibit large axial and radial load on motor; suggest to select flexible coupling to connect the load;
- Fix motor with washer fastening to prevent the motor from loosing.



2.4 Motor rotation direction definition

Face motor's shaft extension, counterclockwise rotation direction is foreward, clockwise ro tation direction is inversion. The driver's num 11 parameter can change the motor's rotate dir ection, According to the situation to change the direction.

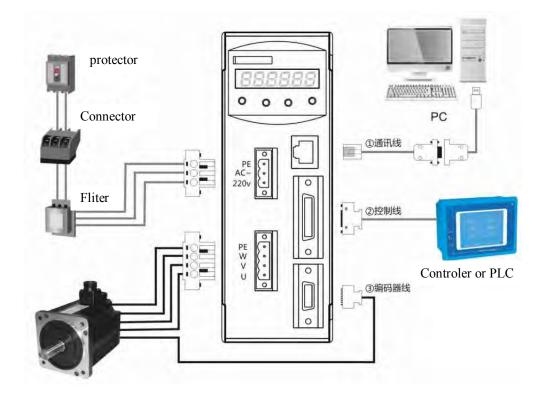




Chapter III Wiring

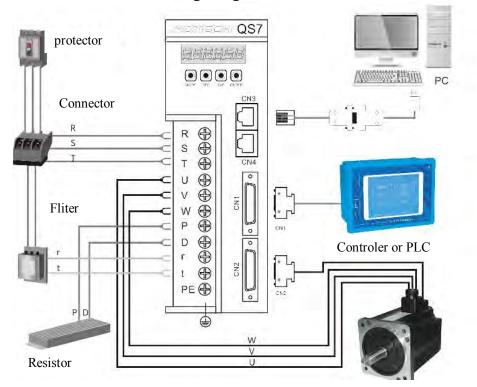
3.1 Driver wiring diagram

QS7 series have 2 type connector according the current capacity 1. QS7AA010M/020M/030M wiring diagram





2. QS7AA050M2/075M2 wiring diagram



3. Cable Wire specification

	Cable diameter requirements								
Motor model	Main power	Control power	Motor power line	Encoder and control signal wire					
100~750W	1.25 mm ²	1.25 mm ²	1.4 mm ²	0.14 mm ²					
1KW~1.5KW	2.0 mm ²	1.25 mm ²	2.0 mm^2	0.14 mm ²					
2.3KW~2.6KW	3.5 mm ²	1.25 mm ²	3.5 mm ²	0.14 mm ²					

3.1 Wiring requirement

- Use correct wire material according to the wire use specification,
- Cable Length, Instructions cable, less than 3m, encoder wire must less than10m;



• Check R, S, T and r, t power box wire connecting correct or not, do not connect with 380V power source;

• Motor U_{x} V_x W connector, much match motor's relevant connector, wrong connect will induce motor stop or damage;

• Must be reliable grounding, And the single point grounding;

• Avoid wrong motion by noise, pls add insulating transformer in the power source and noise prevent device

•Signal wire keep distance more than 30cm to match power wire(power line/motor line), do no put them in same wiring tube.

• Pls install using type circuit breaker make sure driver can cutting down power in emergency situation.

• Pls install Surge absorption components to match circuit's Perceptual component, DC coil reverse in parallel fly-wheel diode, AC coil in parallel with Resistance and capacitance absorption loop.

3.1.1 Driver terminal

• QS7AA010M//020M/030M

QS7 series have 2 type connector according the current capacity

(1) QS7AA010M/020M/030M

terminal marking	terminal name	specification		
R, T	Main power input	Driver's main power input		
PE	ground connection	Motor external hall ground connector		
U, V, W	Motor power line	Supply current to motor		
CN1	control	Use for connect controller or PLC		
CN2	Encoder connector	Encoder refund signal		
CN3	Communication connector	Use for communication with PC (RJ45 port)		

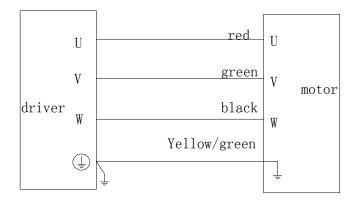
(2)QS7AA050M2/075M2

terminal marking	terminal name	specification			
R, S, T	Main power input,	Driver's main power input			
U, V, W	Motor power line	Supply current to motor			
P, D	blank	No Connect			
PE	Connect ground	Motor external hall ground connector			
r, t	Control Power input	Driver's control power input			
CN1	control	Use for connect controller or PLC			
CN2 Encoder connector		Encoder refund signal			
CN3 & CN4 Communication connector		Use for communication with PC or multi axis bus (RJ45 port)			



3.2 Motor and power's wiring diagram

3.3 Power line terminal even chart



3.4 CN1 Signal controller terminals

3.4.1 Terminal arrangement

1	8	1	6	1	4	1	2	1	0	8	3	6	;	Z	1	4	2	
	1	7	1	5	1	3	1	1	Ç)	7	7	5	. .	() (3	1	
3	6	3	4	3	2	3	0	2	8	2	6	2	4	2	2	2	0	_
	3	5	3	3	3	1	2	9	2	7	2	5	2	3	2	1	19	7

Note: here for welding connection side aspect

3.2.2 Terminal name and function

TERMINAL S	REMARK	STATE	TERMINAL S	NAME	STATE
1	COIN+	POSITIONIN G COMPLETE +	19	VIN	ANALOG INPUT
2	COIN-	POSITIONIN G COMPLETE -	20	GND	ANALOG GROUND
3	ALM-	SERVO ALARM-	21	RESERV E	
4	ALM+	SERVO	22	RESERV	



Single-channel all-digital AC servo drives QS7 Series

TERMINAL S	REMARK	STATE	TERMINAL S	NAME	STATE
		ALARM +		Е	
5	SRDY+	SERVO READY +	23	RESERV E	INSIDE INTEGRATION 2K RES CONNECT PLC+
6	SRDY-	SERVO READY -	24	PULSE-	PULSE SIGNAL
7	BRK+	BRAKE SIGNAL	25	PULSE+	PULSE SIGNAL
8	BRK-	BRAKE SIGNAL	26	SIGN-	DIRECTIO N SIGNAL
9	INCOM+	V+	27	SIGN+	DIRECTIO N SIGNAL
10	EN-	SERVO EN	28	CZ+	ENCODER
11	INTH-	COMMAND PULSE FORBID	29	CZ-	ZSIGNAL
12	CW-	ARE TURNING LIMIT	30	OZ+	ENCODER Z+
13	CCW-	REVERSAL LIMIT	31	OZ-	ENCODER Z-
14	CLR-	ACLR	32	OB+	ENCODER B+
15	MODE-	FUNCTION SELECT	33	OB-	ENCODER B-
16	0 V	Internal power	34	OA+	Encoder A+
17	12V+	for PLC 12V 100mA	35	OA-	Encoder A-
18	RESERV E		36	RESERV E	

/IDTECH 众为兴

3.5 CN2 encoder Terminal

3.5.1 Terminal arrangement

1 (C	8			6	4	:	2		
	9		7		5		3]	L
2	0	1	8	1	6	1	4	1	2	
	19	9	1	7	1	5	1	3	1	1

Note: picture show welding wire connect side aspect

3.5.2 Terminal definition

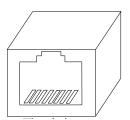
TERMINALS	REMARK	STATE	TERMINALS	NAME	STA TE
1	A+	PG	11	U+	PG
2	A-	INPUT A PHASE	12	U-	INPUT U PHASE
3	B +	PG	13	V +	PG
4	В-	INPUT B PHASE	14	V-	INPUT V PHASE
5	Z+	PG	15	W+	PG
6	Z-	INPUT Z PHASE	16	W-	INPUT W PHASE
7		POWER	17		POWER
8	+5V	5V	18	0 V	0V
9	1.54		19	UY	
10	RESERVE		20	RESERVE	



3.6 CN3 (CN4) Computer communication terminals

QS7 series servo driver adopt two kinds of communication connect port, QS7AA010M/020M/030M adopt RJ45 packge series port for PC communication, QS7AA050M2/075M2 have 2 RJ45 package series port to communicate with PC,or for multi axis communication . more detail please refer Chapter 9.

Note: CN3 & CN4 on 050M2 and 075M2 actualy internal connected

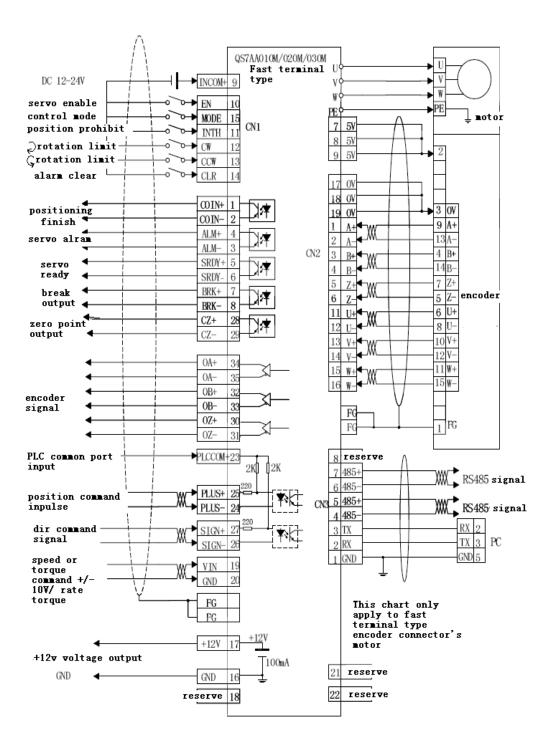


	CN3 or CN4				
Pin	Name				
1	GND				
2	RXD				
3	TXD				
4	RS485-				
5	RS485+				
6	VCC				

3.7 whole wiring diagrams

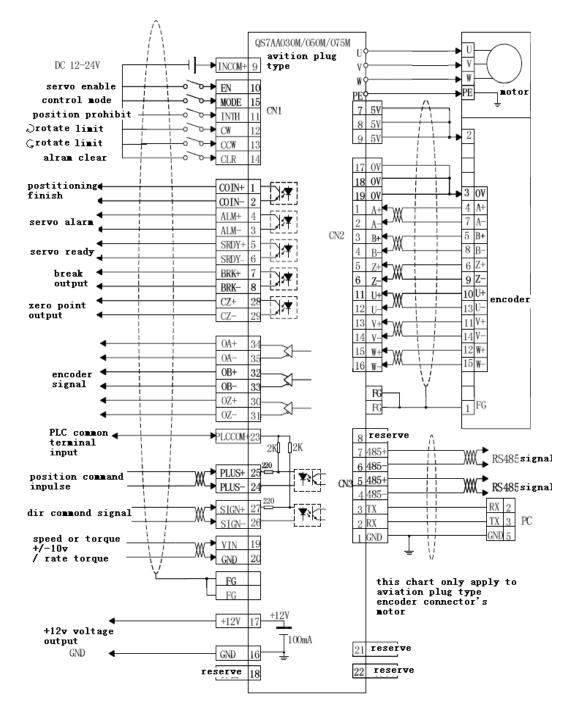
Since motor's outlet wire definition is difference, ADTECH has arrange matchable cable, do no use other's unmatchable cable induce driver's damage.

3.3.1 QS7AA010M/020M/030M (Fast terminal type) Servo drive the wiring diagram





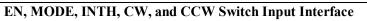
3.3.2 QS7AA050M2/075M2 (Aviation plug type) servo driver wiring diagram

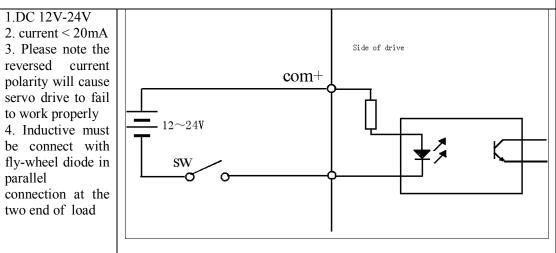




3.8 Principles of input and output interfaces

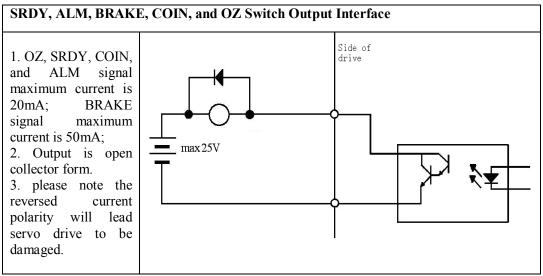
3.8.1 EN, MODE, INTH, CW, and CCW Switch Input Interface





Switch Input Interface

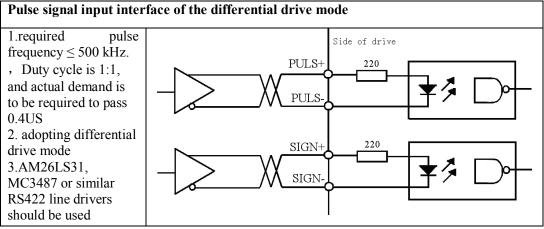
3.8.2 SRDY, ALM, BRAKE, COIN, and OZ Switch Output Interface



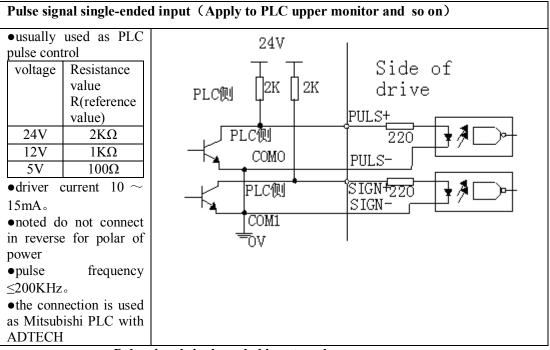
Switch output Interface



3.8.3 Pulse Signal Input Interface:



Pulse signal input interface of the differential drive mode



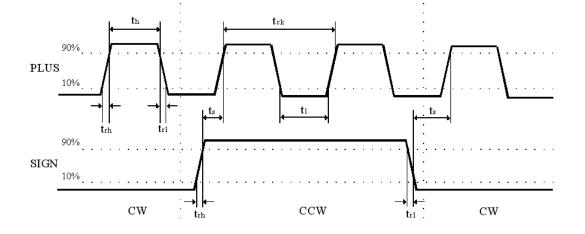
Pulse signal single-ended input mode

Puise Input Modes						
Pulse command	PLUS mode	P10 Settings				
Pulse + sign	PULS SIGN	0 Pulse + sign				
CCW Pulse CW Pulse	PULS SIGN	1 CW+CCW Pulse				
A + B Pulse	PULS SIGN TIT	2 A+B 90° Orthogonal pulse				

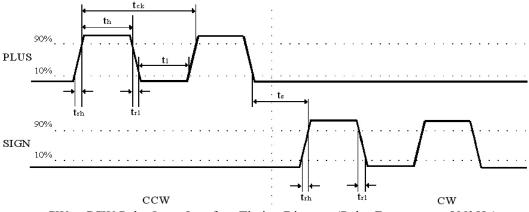


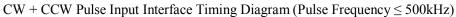
Parameter	Differential Driver Input	Single-ended driven input
tck	>2uS	>5uS
th	>1uS	>2.5uS
tl	>1uS	>2.5uS
trh	<0.2uS	<0.3uS
trl	<0.2uS	<0.3uS
ts	>1uS	>2.5uS
tqck	>8uS	>10uS
tqh	>4uS	>5uS
tql	>4uS	>5uS
tqrh	<0.2uS	<0.3uS
tqrl	<0.2uS	<0.3uS
tqs	>1uS	>2.5uS

Pulse Input Timing Parameters



Pulse + Sign Input Interface Timing Diagram (Pulse Frequency ≤ 500kHz)



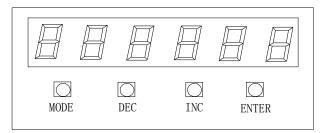




Chapter IV Display and Parameter Settings

4.1 Servo System panel

Servo System panel comprises 6 LED digital tube displays and 4 keys. Digital tube is used to show the various states and parameters of servo drive; key is used to set and access system parameters.



4.2 Keyboard Operation

Drive panel comprises 6 LED digital tube displays and four keys "DEC"、"INC"、 "Mode"、"Enter" to display various states of the system and set parameters。 Key features are as follows:

"DEC": parameter number, value increase, or motor running forward under the JOG mode;

"INC": parameter number, value reduction, or motor running reversely under the JOG mode; clear alarm $_{\circ}$

"Mode": function options, or the current digital cursor moving left.

"Enter": function key for confirmation, or data entry confirmation.

Operating	Function	Example		
	1 parameters setting	P l	Parameter": P1~P63	
按下"MODE"键 循环选择五个功能 项	⁽²⁾ Parameter writing	EP-	It is valid when entering right	
	③Parameters initialization	rd-	password;	
	④"Alarm display	Er00	the picture shows no alarm	
	5 Display state	r 600	Same as indicated content of P3 parameter S	

The servo system is normally displayed with the following 10 methods:

1) display motor rotation speed : parameter P3=0, unit: r/min





2) display motor current : parameter P3=1, unit: A	{	1.5
3) display motor torque percent : parameter P3=2, unit: $\%$	Ε	3.8
4) Indicating motor operation position 4-bit lower: parameter P3=3, un	i P (006
5) Indicating motor operation position 4-bit higher: parameter P3=4, ur	nit: pu	lse
6) input pulse 4-bit lower: parameter P3=5, unit: pulse	Lā	858
7) input pulse 4-bit higher: parameter P3=6, unit: x1000pulse	\mathbf{h}	58
8) display position deviate : parameter P3=7, unit: pulse	d	5
 9) input interface diagnose: display the hexadecimal number of data: when D0=1, "EN" input is Valid; display 1. when D1=1,"INTH"input is Valid; display 2. when D2=1,"CLR"input is Valid; display 4. when D3=1,"MODE"input is Valid, display 8. when D4=1,"ZO"input is Valid, display 16. when D5=1,"CW"input is Valid, display 32. when D6=1,"CCW"input is Valid, display 64. when D7=1,"RLM"input is Valid, display 128. 	In	ł
10) Analog input: indicating the size of inputted analog: parameter:	o	306
11) Input pulse frequency: unit: kHz	٢	.0

When alarm occurs, please adjust to the alarm screen and press "DEC" to eliminate alarm.

When password of input system fails to be found, you can access P3 "parameters" view, and enter password to modify P3 parameter; however, other parameters cannot be changed.

4.3 Parameter Settings

•Parameter P1 is input to display "0"; at this situation, "Enter" key can be pressed directly to indicate that system password has been input.

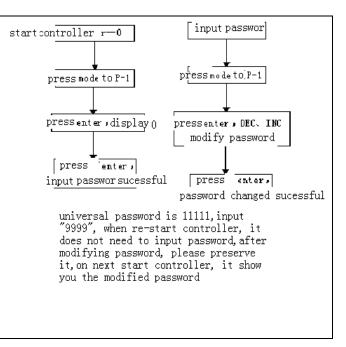


4.3.1 Password input and changes

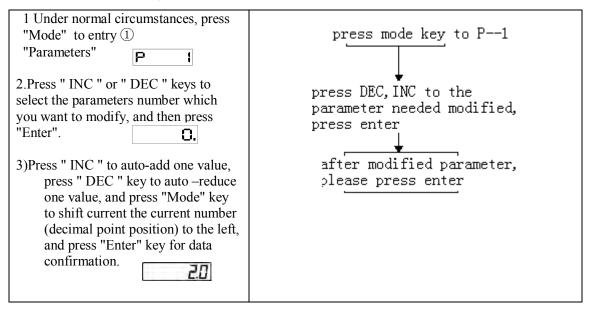
1. Password must be entered into the system for system parameter setting of each boot.P1 parameter input is system password input. When the input password is correct, it can set other parameters; otherwise other parameters cannot be set.

2. Password changes must enter the old password firstly, and then you can set the P1 parameters. If system password cannot remember, please use universal password: 11111.

3. When the password is set to "9999", you can modify parameters without password input for the next boot.

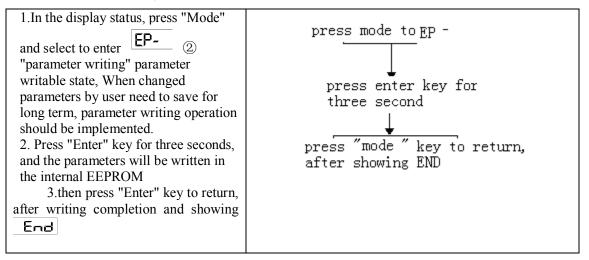


4.3.2 Parameter settings

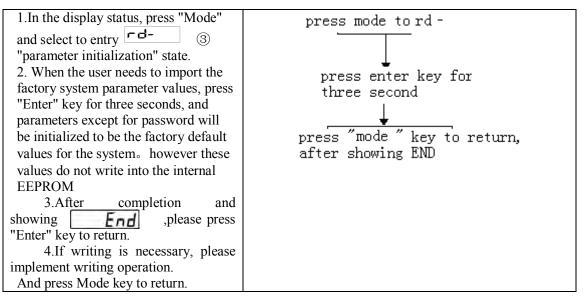




4.3.3 Parameter writing:



4.3.4 Parameter initialization:





Chapter V Parameters

- Personnel involved into parameter adjustment must understand the meaning of parameters, for the wrong settings may cause equipment damage and personnel injury;
- It is suggested that all the parameters adjustment should be under the situation of the servo motor stationary.

Parameter List:

	Parameter Parameter Name No.		Parameter Range	Factory Default	Unit	Remark
P0	Software version	Mode P, S, T	2015-2050	Delault		2
P1	Parameter password	P, S, T	0-9999	0		1
P2	Motor model	P, S, T		400	Motor power	1
P3	Boot display	P, S, T	0-10	0	1	1
P4	Control mode	P, S, T	0-7	0		1)
P5	Servo enable control	P, S, T	0-1	0		1)
P6	Servo input signal INTH function	P, S, T	0-1	0		1
P7	Limit input control	Р	0-4	0		1
P8	Coin output mode	P, S, T	0-1	0		1
Р9	Alarm output mode	P, S, T	0-1	0		1
P10	Pulse mode	Р	0-2	0		1
P11	Motor direction	P, S	0-1	0		1
P12	Electronic gear numerator	Р,`	1-32000	1		1
P13	Electronic gear denominator	Р,	1-32000	1		1
P14	Positioning completion scope	Р,	0-32000	5	Pulse	1
P15	Position deviation alarm range	Р,	0-32000	0	Pulse	1
P16	Position gain	Р,	1-2000	100		1
P17	Position feed-forward	Р,	0-32000	0		1
P18	Position smoothing constant	Р,	0-1000	0		1
P19	Position acceleration time	Р,	0-32000	0		1
P20	Position deceleration time	Р,	0-32000	0		1
P21	Speed gain	P, S	1-1000	50		1
P22	Speed integral	P, S	1-32000	10		1
P23	Acceleration time (speed)	S	0 – 32000(ms)	100	ms	1
P24	Deceleration time (speed)	S	0 – 32000(ms)	100	ms	1



P25	Analog input method	S , T	0-1	0		1
P26	Analog Max. speed	S	1-5000	2000	r/min	1
P27	Torque Max. speed	Т	1-5000	2000	r/min	1
P28	Analog input filter coefficient	S, T	0-1000	0		1
P29	Analog input voltage at zero	S, T		0		1
P30	Inertia ration	P, S, T	0-1000	0		1
P31	Analog input percentage	S, T	0-500	0	%	1
P32	Encoder lines frequency splitting	P, S, T	0-127	0		3
P33	Encoder alarm permit	P, S, T	0-1	0		1
P34	JOG speed	S	0-5000	1000		1
P35	Internal speed 1	S	0-5000	100	r/min	1
P36	Internal speed 2	S	0-5000	200	r/min	1
P37	Internal speed 3	S	0-5000	300	r/min	1
P38	Internal speed 4	S	0-5000	400	r/min	1
P39	Internal position 1	Р	0-±32000	100	Pulse	1
P40	Internal position 2	Р	0-±32000	200	Pulse	1
P41	Internal position 3	Р	0-±32000	300	Pulse	1
P42	Internal position 4	Р	0-±32000	400	Pulse	1
P43	Communication address	P, S, T	0-255	0		1)
P44	Communication baud rate	P, S, T		9600		1
P45	Torque reaching percentage	P, S, T	0-100	100	%	1)
P46	Torque percentage of motor stationary	Р,	0-100	0	%	1
P47	Start delay of electromagnetic brake	P, S, T	0-3200 (ms)	0	ms	1
P48	Stop delay of electromagnetic brake	P, S, T	0-3200 (ms)	0	ms	1
P49	Zero speed clamp-on					
P50	Current loop gain	P, S, T	10-4000	600		1
P51	Current loop integral	P, S, T	1-2000	150	_	1
P52	Encoder lines	P, S, T	1000-6000	2500		3
P53	Encoder type	P, S, T	0-1	0		3
P54	Pole-pairs	P, S, T	2-6	4		3
P55	Drift angle	P, S, T	0—2500	2360	0.1.1	3
P56	Rated current	P, S, T	0-100	28	0.1A	3
P57	Rated torque	P, S, T	0-200	13	0.1NM	3
P58	second electronic gear radio numerator	Р	0-32000			1
P59	second electronic gear radio denominator	Р	0-32000			1



Single-channel all-digital AC servo drives QS7 Series

P60	filter coefficient	P, S, T	0-9	0	1
P61	driver current type		0-1	0	1
P62	V phase current Zero point adjusted value	P, S, T	2008-2088		2
P63	W phase current Zero point adjusted value	P, S, T	2008-2076		2

Remarks:

- ① It is immediately valid after modification;
- ② Fixed parameters cannot be modified;
- ③ I shall be valid when restarting it after modification.

Parameters Detailed table:

SN	Parameter	Functional Description	Paramete
	Name		r Range
P0	Software version	• Display different versions	2015-
P1	Parameter password	 The correct password should be input and confirmed when parameter is required to modify after power connection; Set to be 0 when delivery from factory; 9999 can be input when the password is failure; 11111 is the universal password. 22222 can be input to correct the current zero. 	0-32000
P2	Motor model	 Motor model is entered to directly impact on the following protection features: over-current, overload, and over-speed protections. Specification for motor model 	



Rate power P2 Parameter Speed RPM Current A Iorque Nm Encoder type 200W 200 3000RPM 1.5 0.63 Normal 200W 200 3000RPM 3.5 1.91 Normal 400W 400 3000RPM 3.0 2.4 Normal 1200W 1200 3000RPM 6.0 6.0 Normal 1300W 1200 3000RPM 6.0 6.0 Normal 1500W 1500 3000RPM 6.0 6.0 Normal 1500W 1501 2500RPM 4.0 Ho Normal 1200W 1201 2500RPM 1.0 10.0 Normal 1200W 1201 2500RPM 1.0 10.0 Normal 1200W 1201 2500RPM 1.0 10.0 Normal 1200W 2300 1500RPM 9.5 15 Normal 1200W 2300 1500RPM 1.5 0.63 Wrie								
Image: Parameter RPM A Nm type ACII UB/I 200W 200 3000RPM 1.5 0.63 Normal 400W 400 3000RPM 2.8 1.27 Normal 600W 600 3000RPM 3.0 2.4 Normal 1500W 1500 3000RPM 3.0 2.4 Normal 1500W 1500 3000RPM 6.0 6.0 Normal 1500W 1500 3000RPM 6.0 6.0 Normal 1500W 1500 2000RPM 4.0 4.0 Normal 1000W 1000 2500RPM 6.0 6.0 Normal 1200W 1200 2000 2500RPM 10.0 Normal 1500W 1501 1500RPM 6.0 10 Normal 1500W 1502 1500RPM 1.0 Normal 1500W 1502 1500RPM 1.2 Normal 1500W 1502								
Joint Heat Joint Heat Joint Heat Joint Heat 200W 200 3000RPM 1.5 0.63 Normal 400W 400 3000RPM 2.8 1.27 Normal 600W 600 3000RPM 3.0 2.4 Normal 750W 750 3000RPM 6.0 5.0 Normal 1200W 1200 3000RPM 6.0 6.0 Normal 1500W 1500 3000RPM 6.0 6.0 Normal 1500W 1500 2500RPM 4.0 Normal 1500W 1501 2500RPM 6.0 6.0 Normal 1500W 1501 2500RPM 1.0 10.0 Normal 2000W 2600 2500RPM 1.0 10.0 Normal 2000W 2600 2500RPM 1.0 10.0 Normal 2000W 208 3000RPM 2.8 1.27 Wrie 200W 150 15000RPM								
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$ \left \begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$								
1500W 1500 3000RPM 6.0 5.0 Normal 1800W 1800 3000RPM 6.0 6.0 Normal 1000W 1000 2500RPM 3.0 3.5 Normal 1200W 1201 2000RPM 4.0 Normal 1200W 1201 2000RPM 6.0 6.0 Normal 1200W 1201 2000RPM 6.0 6.0 Normal 1200W 1201 2000RPM 6.0 10.0 Normal 1200W 1201 2000RPM 6.0 10 Normal 1500W 1502 1500RPM 9.0 10.0 Normal 1500W 1502 1500RPM 9.5 15 Normal 200W 208 3000RPM 2.8 2.4 Wrie 200W 204 3000RPM 2.8 2.4 Wrie 200W 204 3000RPM 1.2 1 200 200W 204								
Isoow 1800 3000RPM 6.0 6.0 Normal 750W 751 2000RPM 3.0 3.5 Normal 1000W 1000 2500RPM 4.0 4.0 Normal 1200W 1201 2000RPM 4.5 6.0 Normal 1500W 1501 2500RPM 6.0 6.0 Normal 2000W 2000 2500RPM 6.0 10 Normal 2000W 2000 2500RPM 10.0 10.0 Normal 2300W 1300RPM 9.5 15 Normal 2300W 2300 1500RPM 9.5 15 Normal 2300W 2300 1500RPM 0.65 1 Normal 200W 208 3000RPM 2.8 2.4 Wrie ACN 电抗 3000RPM 2.8 2.4 Wrie 200W 204 3000RPM 2.1 1.75 9099 is self-defined type, and please enter it upon the motor specification.								
750W 751 2000RPM 3.0 3.5 Normal 1000W 1000 2500RPM 4.0 4.0 Normal 1200W 1201 2000RPM 4.5 6.0 Normal 1200W 1201 2500RPM 6.0 6.0 Normal 2000W 2000 2500RPM 10.0 10.0 Normal 2600W 2600 2500RPM 10.0 10.0 Normal 2600W 2600 2500RPM 10.0 Normal 2600W 2600 2500RPM 10.0 Normal 200W 200 1500RPM 6.0 10 Normal 200W 208 3000RPM 9.5 15 Normal 200W 208 3000RPM 2.8 1.27 Wrie ACN # $#$ 3000RPM 0.65 1 Normal 100W 104 3000RPM 2.8 2.4 Wrie ACN # $#$ 3000RPM 0.65 <td< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></td<>								
Ionow Iono 2500RPM 4.0 4.0 Normal 1200W 1201 2000RPM 4.5 6.0 Normal 1500W 1501 2500RPM 6.0 6.0 Normal 2600W 2000 2500RPM 10.0 10.0 Normal 2600W 2600 2500RPM 10.0 Normal 2300W 2300 1500RPM 0.0 10.0 Normal 2300W 2300 1500RPM 0.5 1 Normal 2300W 2300 1500RPM 2.8 1.27 Wrie 200W 208 3000RPM 2.8 1.27 Wrie ACN 电机 50W 暫法 3000RPM 2.8 1.7 Wrie ACN 电机 3000RPM 2.8 1.27 Wrie Wrie ACN 电机 3000RPM 2.8 1.7 Normal 100W 104 3000RPM 2.1 1.75 99999 is self-defined type, and please e								
I200W I201 2000RPM 4.5 6.0 Normal 1500W 1501 2500RPM 6.0 6.0 Normal 2000W 2000 2500RPM 10.0 10.0 Normal 2600W 2600 2500RPM 10.0 Normal 2300W 2300 1500RPM 6.0 10 Normal 2300W 2300 1500RPM 6.0 10 Normal 2300W 2300 1500RPM 6.0 10 Normal 2300W 2300 1500RPM 1.5 0.63 Wrie saving 400W 408 3000RPM 2.8 1.27 Wrie ACN 电机 50W 質法 3000RPM 2.8 1.27 Wrie ACN 电机 50W 質法 3000RPM 2.8 1.21 Normal 100W 104 3000RPM 2.1 1.75 Normal 200W 204 3000RPM 2.1 1.75 Notormal <								
Image: state of the								
2000W 2000 2500RPM 7.5 7.7 Normal 2600W 2600 2500RPM 10.0 10.0 Normal 1500W 1502 1500RPM 6.0 10 Normal 2300W 2300 1500RPM 9.5 15 Normal 2300W 2300 1500RPM 9.5 15 Normal 2300W 208 3000RPM 9.5 15 Normal 200W 208 3000RPM 2.8 1.27 Wrie ACN 电机 50W 15 Normal 0.65 1 Normal 100W 104 3000RPM 2.8 2.4 Wrie ACN 电机 50W 12 1 1.75 1.75 90999 is self-defined type, and please enter it upon the motor specification. P52—Encoder lines P53—Encoder type P54—Pole-pairs P55—Orift angle P56—Rated current P56—Rated current P57—Rated torque 0~ display 0 - Rotational speed (RPM) 1								
Boot 2600 2500RPM 10.0 Normal 1500W 1502 1500RPM 6.0 10 Normal 2300W 2300 1500RPM 9.5 15 Normal 2300W 2300 1500RPM 9.5 15 Normal MRMS 电机 200W 208 3000RPM 2.8 1.27 Wrie 400W 408 3000RPM 2.8 1.27 Wrie 750W 758 3000RPM 2.8 2.4 Wrie ACN 电机								
Isouw Isou IsouRPM 6.0 10 Normal 2300W 2300 IsouRPM 9.5 15 Normal 200W 208 3000RPM 1.5 0.63 Wrie saving 400W 408 3000RPM 2.8 1.27 Wrie 750W 758 3000RPM 2.8 2.4 Wrie ACN 电机								
Boot 0								
MRMS 电机 MRMS 电机 200W 208 3000RPM 1.5 0.63 Wrie saving 400W 408 3000RPM 2.8 1.27 Wrie 750W 758 3000RPM 2.8 2.4 Wrie ACN 电机 50W 智元 3000RPM 2.8 2.4 Wrie 50W 智元 3000RPM 2.8 2.4 Wrie ACN 电机 50W 12 1 1 1 50W 204 3000RPM 2.1 1.75 1 99999 is self-defined type, and please enter it upon the motor specification. P52—Encoder lines P53—Encoder type P54—Pole-pairs P55—Drift angle P55—Drift angle P55—CRated current P57—Rated torque 0 Rotor current (A) 0 0 display 1 Motor positions: 4-bit lower 4 Motor positions: 4-bit lower 4 Motor position: 4-bit higher 5 Input pulse: 4-bit lower 6 Input pulse: 4-bit higher 7 Position deviatio								
200W 208 3000RPM 1.5 0.63 Wrie saving 400W 408 3000RPM 2.8 1.27 Wrie 750W 758 3000RPM 2.8 2.4 Wrie ACN 电机				1500RPM	9.5	15	Normal	
400W 408 3000 RPM 2.8 1.27 Wrie ACN $45M$ 3000 RPM 2.8 2.4 Wrie $50W$ $17X$ 3000 RPM 0.65 1 Normal $100W$ 104 3000 RPM 1.2 1 1.75 99999 is self-defined type, and please enter it upon the motor specification. P52—Encoder lines P54 $P52$ —Encoder type P54—Pole-pairs P55— Drift angle P54 P0el-pairs $P55$ —Derift angle P56—Rated current P57—Rated torque 0~ 0~ display 0 - Rotational speed (RPM) 1 -Motor current (A) 2 Motor positions: 4-bit lower 4 - Mot				-	T	T		
$\overline{750W}$ $\overline{758}$ $\overline{3000RPM}$ 2.8 2.4 Wrie ACN 电机 $\overline{50W}$ $\overline{17.5}$ $\overline{3000RPM}$ 0.65 1 Normal $\overline{50W}$ $\overline{17.5}$ $\overline{3000RPM}$ 0.2 1 $\overline{1.2}$ 1 $\overline{100W}$ 104 $\overline{3000RPM}$ 2.1 1.75 $\overline{100W}$ $\overline{120W}$ $\overline{100W}$							-	
ACN 电机50W<								
SOW<			758	3000RPM	2.8	2.4	Wrie	
100W 104 3000RPM 1.2 1 200W 204 3000RPM 2.1 1.75 • 9999 is self-defined type, and please enter it upon the motor specification. P52—Encoder lines P52—Encoder lines P53—Encoder type P54—Pole-pairs P55—Drift angle P56—Rated current P57—Rated torque Boot 0—Rotational speed (RPM) 0- display 1—Motor current (A) 2 Motor positions: 4-bit lower 4— Motor position: 4-bit higher 5— Input pulse: 4-bit lower 6—Input pulse: 4-bit higher 7—Position deviation 8—Input status 8—Input status			1		I.	1		
200W 204 3000RPM 2.1 1.75 • 9999 is self-defined type, and please enter it upon the motor specification. P52—Encoder lines P53—Encoder type P54—Pole-pairs P55— Drift angle P55—Drift angle P56—Rated current P57—Rated torque 0- display 0—Rotational speed (RPM) 0- 1—Motor current (A) 2— Motor loading rate 3— Motor positions: 4-bit lower 4— Motor position: 4-bit higher 5— Input pulse: 4-bit higher 7—Position deviation 8—Input status 8—Input status 8 9							Normal	
 9999 is self-defined type, and please enter it upon the motor specification. P52—Encoder lines P53—Encoder type P54—Pole-pairs P55— Drift angle P56—Rated current P57—Rated torque Boot 0—Rotational speed (RPM) 1—Motor current (A) 2— Motor loading rate 3— Motor positions: 4-bit lower 4— Motor position: 4-bit higher 5— Input pulse : 4-bit lower 6—Input pulse: 4-bit higher 7—Position deviation 8—Input status 								
motor specification. P52—Encoder lines P53—Encoder type P54—Pole-pairs P55—Drift angle P56—Rated current P57—Rated torque P57—Rated torque Boot 0—Rotational speed (RPM) 0- display 1—Motor current (A) 2— 2— Motor loading rate 3— Motor positions: 4-bit lower 4— 4— Motor position: 4-bit higher 5— Input pulse : 4-bit lower 6—Input pulse: 4-bit higher 7—Position deviation 8—Input status								
display 1-Motor current (A) 2- Motor loading rate 3- Motor positions: 4-bit lower 4- Motor position: 4-bit higher 5- Input pulse: 4-bit lower 6-Input pulse: 4-bit higher 7-Position deviation 8-Input status	_	motor s P52—En P53—En P54—Pc P55— D P56—Ra P57—Ra	specification neoder lines neoder type ble-pairs Drift angle ated current ated torque	n. :				
2- Motor loading rate 3- Motor positions: 4-bit lower 4- Motor position: 4-bit higher 5- Input pulse : 4-bit lower 6-Input pulse: 4-bit higher 7-Position deviation 8-Input status		0-Rota	tional speed	d (RPM)				0-10
 3 — Motor positions: 4-bit lower 4 — Motor position: 4-bit higher 5 — Input pulse : 4-bit lower 6 — Input pulse: 4-bit higher 7 — Position deviation 8 — Input status 	display	1-Mote	or current	(A)				
 3 — Motor positions: 4-bit lower 4 — Motor position: 4-bit higher 5 — Input pulse : 4-bit lower 6 — Input pulse: 4-bit higher 7 — Position deviation 8 — Input status 		2- Mot	or loading i	rate				
4 — Motor position: 4-bit higher 5 — Input pulse : 4-bit lower 6 — Input pulse: 4-bit higher 7 — Position deviation 8 — Input status			-		er			
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6—Input pulse: 4-bit higher 7—Position deviation 8—Input status			-	-	-1			
7—Position deviation 8—Input status								
8—Input status								
		7-Posi	tion deviation	on				
		8-Inpu	t status					
		-						
10—Pulse frequency			•					1



D/	$C \rightarrow 1$		
P4	Control	0—Position mode: external pulse input;	0 - 7
	mode	1 - JOG mode: key control;	
		2-Speed mode: external analog voltage input;	
		3-Torque mode: external analog voltage input;	
		4– Position and speed mode: MODE control;	
		5-Position and torque mode: MODE control;	
		6-CW CCW: external signal JOG mode	
		7-4 sections speed control	
P5	Servo	0-Valid	0-1
15	enable		0-1
	control	1—Invalid: forcibly lock shaft	
P6	Servo input	0—Invalid	0-1
10	signal		0 1
	INTH	1—Input pulse prohibition and position deviation clear	
	function	2- Input pulse prohibition and position deviation not clear	
7.0			
P7	Limit input	0—Invalid;	0 - 4
	control	1 - Active LOW without alarm;	
		2- Active HIGH without alarm;	
		3– Active LOW with alarm;	
		4– Active HIGH with alarm;	
P8	Coin	0-Orientation completion	0-2
	output	1-Torque reaching	-
	mode	2 – Output when speed is less than P49 speed (When P49 <	
		10rpm, it is handled upon 10rpm.)	
P9	Alarm	0-Normal close type	0-1
	output	1—Normal open type	0
	mode		
P10	Pulse mode	• 0-Pulse + direction: normal direction;	0-2
		• 1-Pulse+pulse: normal direction	
		• 2-Orthogonal pulse: normal direction	
P11	Motor	 0 - Normal 	0-1
1 1 1	direction	• $1 - \text{Reverse}$	0 1
P12			1 22000
P12	Electronic	 Sub-octave of position command pulse is set (E-gear); Under the mode of position control, a variety of pulse 	1-32000
	gear numerator	• Under the mode of position control, a variety of pulse	
	numerator	sources matching can be facilitated through P12 and P13 parameters setup; this value should increase as far as	
		possible under the consideration for drive to accept	
		frequency range less than 500K.	
		• $P \times G = N \times C \times 4$	
		P: Pulses entered into the command	
		G: E-gear ration	
		Numerator of splitting frequency	
		G =	
		Denominator of splitting frequency	
		N:Motor rotations	
		C:Optical encoder lines; generally it is 2500 lines	
	l	• [Example] When command pulse is required to input	



		2000 come motor chall notate and large	
		8000, servo motor shall rotate one loop.	
		$G = \frac{N \times C \times 4}{P} = \frac{1 \times 2500 \times 4}{8000} = \frac{5}{4}$	
		P 8000 4	
		Then parameter P12 is set as 5, and P13 is set as 4;	
		 Recommended range of E-gear ratio: 	
		$1 \leq C \leq 50$	
		$\frac{1}{50} \le G \le 50$	
P13	Electronic	Same as the above parameter P12.	1-32000
	gear		
	denominat		
	or		
P14	Orientation	• Set orientation completion pulse range under the mode	0-32000
	completion	of position control;	
	scope	• This parameter provides the basis whether the	
		orientation is completed determined by drive under the	
		position control mode; when the remaining pulse in the position deviation counter is less or same as its set value,	
		the drive will determine the orientation is completed, with	
		signal COIN ON; otherwise, will be COIN OFF.	
P15	Position	 When it is set as 0, disable position alarm detection is 	0-32000
_	deviation	invalid;	
	alarm	• Disable position alarm detection is valid when it is not	
	range	0, and this parameter provides the basis whether	
		deviation is too large determined by drive under the	
		mode of position control; When the remaining pulse in	
		the deviation counter is less or same as its set value, the	
		drive will determine the position to not disable without	
D1(Desition	alarm display; otherwise, alarm ER0-04 will occur.	1 2000
P16	Position	 Set the proportional gain for position loop regulator; Digger in set value, higher in gain and rigidity. Under 	1-2000
	gain	• Bigger in set value, higher in gain and rigidity. Under the condition of identical frequency command pulse,	
		position lag will be smaller; however, too big value will	
		lead vibration and over-regulation of system;	
		 The principle of debugging is to possibly adjust this 	
		parameter to be bigger, under the situation of	
		guaranteeing the system to operate without vibration	
		and jitter.	
P17	Position	• Set position loop feed-forward coefficient ;	0-32000
	feed-	• When it is set as 0, no feed-forward coefficient is added;	
	forward	Bigger in set value, bigger in feed-forward;	
		When position loop fee-forward is bigger, the high-speed	
D10	Desiti	response property of control system is better.	0 1000
P18	Position	• Smoothing filter is conducted for command pulse;	0-1000
	smoothing	acceleration and deceleration values with exponential form indicate the acceleration and deceleration.	
	constant		
		 Filter will not lose pulse; command delay will exist yet; Main applications: 	
		Host computer controller has no acceleration and	
		deceleration functions;	
L	1		



		E-gear sub-octave is large (larger than 8); When motor operational speed is slow, pulse frequency is lower; When stan jump happens for motor operation unstable	
		When step jump happens for motor operation, unstable phenomenon exists.	
		When it is set as 0, filter cannot work.	
P19	Position acceleratio n time	Bigger in its value, acceleration time is shorter, and orientation is faster.	0-32000
P20	Position deceleratio n time	Bigger in its value, acceleration time is shorter, and orientation is faster.	0-32000
P21	Speed gain	 Set proportional gain of speed loop regulator; Bigger in its set value, bigger in gain and rigidity; the parameter value can be determined upon the specific servo drive model and loading situation. Generally, bigger in load inertia, bigger in its set value; It can be possibly set to be bigger under the situation of system without vibration. 	1-1000
P22	Speed integral	 Set integral time constant for speed loop regulator; Bigger in its set value, faster in integral speed, and stronger in system deviation resistance, i.e. bigger in rigidity; However, too big value will produce overshooting. It can be possibly set to be smaller under the situation of system without vibration. 	1-32000
P23	Acceleratio n time (speed)	 Setup value refers to the motor acceleration time from 0 to 1000r/min; Acceleration and deceleration are characterized with the linear; It is valid under the modes of speed control and torque control, and it is invalid under the mode of position control. 	0 — 32000(ms)
P24	Deceleratio n time (speed)	 Setup value refers to the motor deceleration time from 1000 to 0r/min; Acceleration and deceleration are characterized with the linear; It is valid under the modes of speed control and torque control, and it is invalid under the mode of position control. 	0 — 32000(ms)
P25	Analog input method	0-AD input value 1- P35 value fixed to be used;	0-1000
P26	Analog max. speed	It refers to the corresponding speed when analog output reaches the maximum;	1-5000
P27	Torque max. speed	It refers to the limited max. rotation speed under the torque mode.	1-5000
P28	Analog input filter coefficient	0—Prohibition	0-1000
P29	Analog	Analog input voltage 0V, the relative point is at Zero	0



	input		
	input voltage at		
	-		
D20	zero		0.1000
P30	Inertia		0-1000
D21	ratio		0.500
P31	Analog	0-equivalent to 100%	0-500
	input		
	percentage		
P32	Encoder	0- Splitting frequency is not used, setting value N, mean	0-127
	lines	encoder A and B phase output frequency /N	
	frequency		
	splitting		
P33	Encoder	0- Detect encoder $1-$ Not detect encoder	0 - 1
	alarm		
	allowance		
P34	JOG speed	When JOG running, speed setting	0-5000
P35	Internal	when running internal four section speed control mode, the	0-5000
	speed 1	setting speed 1	0 2000
P36	Internal	when running internal four section speed control mode, the	0-5000
	speed 2	setting speed 2	0 2000
P37	Internal	when running internal four section speed control mode, the	0-5000
10,	speed 3	setting speed 3	0 5000
P38	Internal	when running internal four section speed control mode, the	0-5000
150	speed 4	setting speed 4	0 5000
P39	Internal	when running internal four section position control mode, the	0 -
137	position 1	setting position 1	±32000
P40	Internal	when running internal four section position control mode, the	
P40			0 -
D.41	position 2	setting position 2	±32000
P41	Internal	when running internal four section position control mode, the	0 —
	position 3	setting position 3	± 32000
P42	Internal	when running internal four section position control mode, the	0 —
	position 4	setting position 4	±32000
P43	Communic	1	0-255
	ation		
	address		
P44	Communic	0-4800,1-9600,2-14400,3-19200,4,5-38400,6-57600,7-	0-7
	ation baud	115200	
	rate		
P45	Percentage	• Set the proportional relation between analog torque	0-100
	of torque	input voltage and motor actual operation torque;	~ ~
	arrival	• The unit of set value is $0.1V/100\%$;	
		• Default value is 100, to correspond to 10V/100%, i.e.	
		100% rated torque is produced after 10 V is input.	
P46	Percentage	 Set the torque size of lock shaft when motor stops; 	0-100
140	of motor		0-100
	static	• Only position loop is valid, with invalid speed loop and torgue loop:	
	torque	torque loop;	
		 0 – prohibit this function prohibition; Other values - use this function 	
		• Other values - use this function	



P47	Electromeg	• It defines the motor enable lock shaft (input terminal	0 22000
P4/	Electromag netic brake	 It defines the motor enable lock shaft (input terminal SON from OFF to ON); 	0-32000
	ON delay	 Delay time to open brake. (output terminal BRK from 	(ms)
	orvaelay	OFF to ON)	
		• This parameter is set to ensure the switch from brake	
		lock shaft to motor enable lock shaft to be stable when	
		the motor with brake is connected to the power.	
P48	Electromag	• It defines the motor enable removal (input terminal	0-32000
	netic brake	SON from ON to OFF);	(ms)
	OFF delay	• Delay time to close brake. (output terminal BRK from	
		OFF to ON)	
		• This parameter is set to ensure the switch from motor	
		lock shaft to brake lock shaft be stable when the motor	
		with brake is disconnected to the power;	
		• This parameter can be prolonged when the motor is	
		from high-speed operation to stop, to enhance the effect	
D 40	1	of rapid deceleration.	0.000
P49	Zero speed	The motor will stop when the value is less than this	0-2000
P50	clamp-on Current	 parameter. Current loop proportional gain, and when motor current 	10-4000
P30	loop gain	is bigger, its set value should be adjusted to be bigger	10-4000
	loop gam	appropriately, and the operational sound of motor	
		operation will be louder. Generally it doesn't need to be	
		adjusted.	
		• Default value is 600.	
P51	Current	• Current loop integral gain, and when motor current is	1-2000
	loop	bigger, its set value should be adjusted to be bigger	
	integral	appropriately, and the operational sound of motor	
		operation will be louder. Generally it doesn't need to be	
		adjusted.	
		• Default value is 150.	
P52	Encoder	• Only if motor type is set to be (P2=9999), this	1000 —
	lines	parameter will be valid.	6000
		• Encoder lines of input motor is generally 1024,2048,	
		2500, 3000, 5000.	
		• Please note that this parameter will be valid after it is	
		 modified and saved, and then restart the machine; Default value is 2500. 	
P53	Encoder	 Default value is 2500. Only if motor type is set to be (P2=9999), this self- 	0-1
133	type	defined parameter will be valid.	0 1
	5,50	 Set value as 0 refers to general non-cable saving 	
		encoder; set value as 1 refers to cable saving encoder;	
		 Please note that this parameter will be valid after it is 	
		modified and saved, and then restart the machine;	
		 Default value is 0. 	
P54	Pole-pairs	• Only if motor type is set to be (P2=9999), this self-	2-6
		defined parameter will be valid.	
		• Set value refers to the number of pole-pairs;	
		• Please note that this parameter will be valid after it is	
		modified and saved, and then restart the machine;	
		• Default value is 4.	



P55	Drift angle		0-2500
P56	Rated	 Only if motor type is set to be (P2=9999), this self-defined parameter will be valid. Set value refers to drift angle between motor angle and zero point; Please note that this parameter will be valid after it is modified and saved, and then restart the machine; Default value is 2360. Only if motor type is set to be (P2=9999), this self- 	0-100
	current	 defined parameter will be valid. Set value refers to the motor rated current size, to only impact on the protective function of motor current without impact on motor operational effect; Setup unit (0.1A). 	
P57	Rated torque	 Only if motor type is set to be (P2=9999), this parameter will be valid. Set value refers to the motor rated torque size, to only impact on the protective function of torque control without impact on motor operational effect; Setup unit (0.1A). Self-defined unit (0.1Nm) 	0-200
P58	second electronic gear radio numerator	use method is same as first electronic gear radio.	
P59	second electronic gear radio denominat or	use method is same as first electronic gear radio.	0-1
P60	filter coefficient	adopt to remove the motor voice lead by speed loop gain too big	0—9
P61	Drive current type	0 refers to QS6AA015M above; 1 refers to QS6AA010M.	0-1
P62	V-phase current zero correction	It refers to drift value of V-phase current zero	2008 — 2088 —
P63	W-phase current zero correction	It refers to drift value of W-phase current zero	2008 — 2076 —

Note:

- It is recommended that all parameter settings and modification should be implemented when the motor is prohibited.
- All parameters (only P2 parameter will be effective after re-electrified when disconnecting power) settings will be effective after just pressing "Enter", without re-electrifying; however, parameter writing should be performed for long-term preservation;



- When the power of drive is OFF, please wait for more than 30 seconds and then re-electrify it.
- When the drive is used fro numerical control system, the parameters P12 and P13 are calculated as follows:

P12	Mechanical reduction ratio * System pulse equivalent * 10000
=	

P13 Screw pitch (mm)

General CNC pulse equivalent: 0.001mm

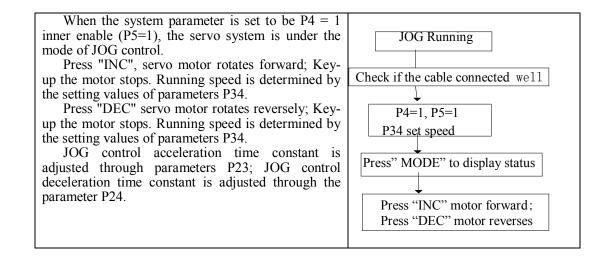


Chapter VI Operation

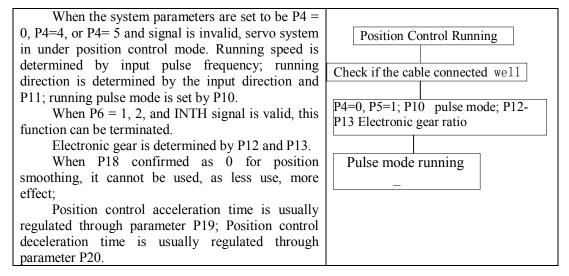
After completion of the installation and connection, please check the following items before power-on:

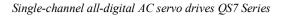
- Whether the power terminal wiring is correct and reliable? Whether the input voltage is correct?
- Whether power lines and motor wires get short circuit or grounding?
- Whether the control signal terminal is connected correctly? Whether power supply polarity and size are correct?
- Whether drive and the motor are fixed firmly?
- Whether motor shaft is not connected to the load?
- Whether specification of motor and driver are matching?

6.1 JOG Control of Servo System



6.2 Position Control of Servo System





6.3 Speed Control of Servo System

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Attention: When P4 = 4, under the MODE switch, feeding instruction can be transmitted after 10ms delay of MODE reaching.

6.4 Torque Control of Servo System

When P4 = 3, or P4 = 5, then, Inner enable (P5=1) and MODE is effective, servo system is in torque control mode. Torque is determined by the input voltage Vin1. The direction is determined by the symbols of Vin1and P11. Input voltage is maximum torque when the torque is 10V. The maximum speed specified by the internal rate of P27. Zero-drift of torque control is adjusted through the parameter P29, and adjusting this parameter to set motor speed to be 0 when input voltage is 0V. Torque can be adjusted through the parameter P45 to gain size compensation adjustment; bigger value, greater torque. When the output torque reaches parameter rated current percentage P45, COIN signal is output. COIN is the pulse signal with the width of 10ms.	Torque control running Check if the cable connected well P4=3, P5=1 Torque control led by outside switches input power supply Torque running based on request
--	---



6.5 Internal Speed Control Servo System

When the system parameter is set to be P4 = 7, servo system is in the internal speed control mode.

After the input signal MODE (level signal) is input and valid, the motor starts; after the input signal INTH (NC signal) is input and effective, the motor stops. Speed is determined by the input signals CW and CCW decision. Please see the below table:

MODE signal	INTH signal	CCW signal	CW signal	Motor speed
	0			0
1	1	0	0	P26(the max. rotational rate when Vin=10V)analog control when P35=0;
1	1	0	1	P36
1	1	1	0	P37
1	1	1	1	P38

6.6 Internal Four Section Position control servo system

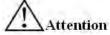
When the system parameter is set to be P4 = 8, servo system is in the internal speed control mode.

After the input signal MODE (level signal) is input and valid, the motor starts; after the input signal INTH (NC signal) is input and effective, the motor stops. Speed is determined by the input signals CW and CCW decision. Please see the below table:

MODE signal	CCW signal	CW signal	Run Speed	Running length
1	0	0	P35	P39*(P12/13)
1	0	1	P36	P40*(P12/P13)
1	1	0	P37	P41*(P12/P13)
1	1	1	P38	P42*(P12/P13)



Chapter VII Error Alarm



- Do not touch drive and motor within 5 minutes after driver and motor power-off, to prevent person from injury due to electric shock;
- Allow to use drive after drive alarm code troubleshooting while drive failure alarms;
- Show Er0-xx and blinking while error is found, wherein xx refers to alarm code;
- Operate drive to view and modify parameters after alarming.

Alarm Code	Alarm Content	Cause of Malfunction	
ER0-00	Normal		
ER0-01	Motor speed is too high	 Encoder wiring error Encoder damage Encoder cable is too long, resulting in the low encoder supply voltage Running too fast Input pulse frequency is too high Electronic gear ratio too big Servo system instability causes overshooting Circuit Board Fault 	
ER0-02	The main circuit supply voltage is too high	4) The infernal regenerative braking transistor is broken	
ER0-03	The main circuit power supply voltage is too low or drive temperature is too high	 1) The supply voltage is too low (less than -20%) 2) Temporary power outages for more than 200mS 3) Power start circuit failure 	

Alarm List:



ER0-04	Tolerance alarm	 Mechanical choked to death Input pulse frequency is too high Encoder zero change in Encoder wiring error P16 position loop gain is too small Less torque P15 parameter setting is too small P15 = 0 shields this feature, resulted in no alarm 	
ER0-05	Drive temperature is too high	 The ambient temperature is too high Bad cooling fan Broken temperature sensor Motor current is too big Internal regenerative braking circuit failure Broken internal regenerative braking transistor Circuit Board Failure 	
ER0-06	EEPROM writing memory error on drive	Chip U19 failed and should be replaced.	
ER0-07	CW Motor Forward limit	Hit the forward limit switch, you can set the parameter $P7 = 0$ to shield this feature or reversely rotate motors.	
ER0-08	CCW Motor Reverse limit	Hit the reverse limit switch, you can set the parameter $P7 = 0$ to shield this feature or reversely rotate motor.	
ER0-09 & ER0-19	Encoder fault	 Encoder damage Encoder wiring is damaged or broken P33 = 1 shields this feature, resulted in no alarm Encoder cable is too long, resulting in low encoder supply voltage 	
ER0-10	Motor overload alarm	Overload excesses the parameters of motor rated torque: More than 150% rated overload: over 10000 ms; More than 300% rated overload: over 1000ms; More than 500% rated overload: over 10ms The machine is stuck for rigidity is adjusted too strong; Speed increase and decrease are too fast.	



ER0-11	Power module fault	 Over-current Voltage is too low Motor insulation is damaged Gain parameter is set incorrectly Overload Temperature is too high Module is damaged Interference Short-circuits occurs among motor cables U, V, and W.
ER0-12	Over-current	 Short-circuits occurs among motor cables U, V, and W. Imperfect grounding Broken motor insulation

Chapter VIII Debugging

- Motor and driver must connect to GND, PE must connect GND with Motor.
- Suggestions power drive provide by the isolated transformer for safely and anti-interference.
- Before power on, check all of connected wire are correctly.
- After driver fault alarm, confirm if fault are settled before re-start.
- Don't touch motor and driver within 5 minutes after power off for prevent shock?
- It may high temperature after motor & driver running a long time for prevent burns.

8.1 Working sequence

8.1.2 Sequence of connected power

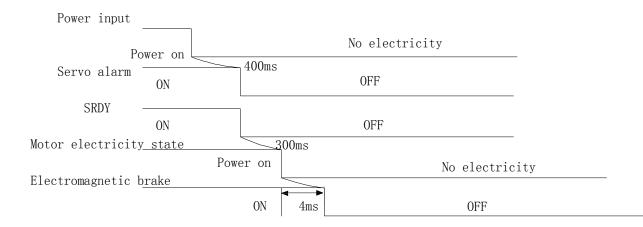
• When connect control power, servo driver alarms within 400ms; when main power is on, the alarm disappear, servo motor prepare signal ON within 1.5s, internal servo's enable become effective, the motor excitation is on within 10ms.

Power off 40	Oms	Power on
Servo alarmOFF		ON
Main power <u>Power</u>	off 1.5s	Power on
SRDY ————	OFF	ON
Servo EN	OFF <10m	ns ON
Motor elect <u>ricity state</u>	No electricity	Power on



8.1.3 Sequence of servo off

Alarm sequence during motor's running: SRDY signal and servo enable signal are ineffective at the same time, and the motor's electromagnetic brake signal is off 4ms later.



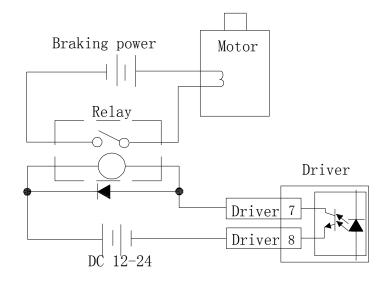
8.2 Usage of Mechanical Brake "BRAKE"

Mechanical brake is used to lock the vertical or tilt table connecting motor, to prevent motor from falling down after power-failure. The motor with brake feature should be selected to achieve this function. This brake can only be used for keep the table, not for motor's deceleration or machine's stop. After connecting with the required voltage, the internal brake will open, and the motor bearings can rotate freely.

Using Driver BRAKE signal control intermediate relay, which is start braking power by inte rmediate relay (Braking power provide by user). Brake signal are valid when delay time is P47 a fter drive motor power on; power off or alarm when BRAKE signal auto shutdown, delay time is P47, power off power again.

When install the signal, brake power must have enough capacity, then it must use free-whee ling diode as surge absorber.





8.3 Debugging

Before power on, it must check the correctness of the parameters Incorrect parameter setti ng will may caused machine fault and accident

Suggestion no-load debugging firstly, then load debugging.

8.3.1 Adjustment of gain and rigidity

The servo system applies feedback system of PID adjustment, current loop, speed loop and position loop. The rule it obeys is: the inside of the ring, the need to improve its ability of response. Or it will appear over-adjust or vibration. As the current loop is enough to ensure its ability of response, usually it doesn't need to change. What should be adjusted are position loop and speed loop.

The servo adjustment of position mode as below:

• Set a relative high value of speed loop integral;

• Set a relative low value of position loop gain, then begin to add the speed if there is no vibration or abnormal noise;

- Adjust the value of speed loop integral to smaller if there is no vibration;
- Add the position loop gain until there is no vibration;

• If the electronic gear ratio is bigger, please adjust the value of P18 to make motors run at quiet;

Knowledge of mechanical system's rigidity:

• If the rigidity of the conveyors connected by belt is low, please use low rigidity parameter;

• If the rigidity of the ball screw drove by gear box is medium, please use medium rigidity parameter;

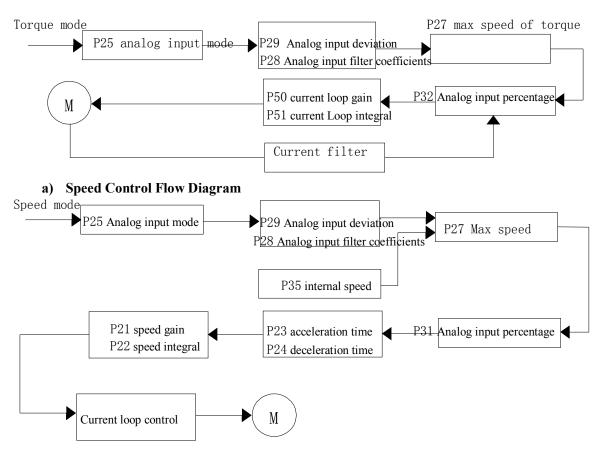
• If the rigidity of ball screw drove by servo motor is high, please use high rigidity parameter.

The adjustment of servo depends on the system, which needs your careful watching, thinking, then you can find suitable parameters.



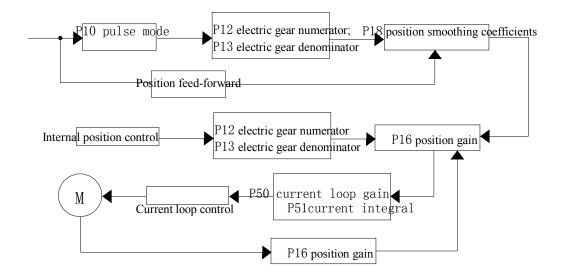
8.3.2 Basic Parameters Adjustment Diagrams

•Torque Control Flow Diagram





• Position Control Flow Diagram



8.3.3 Basic Parameters Adjustment Diagrams

Position resolution (an impulse travel) determines the stroke per turn on the servo motor and encoder feedback pulses per turn Pt, which can be expressed with the below formulation:

$$\Delta l = \frac{\Delta S}{P_t}$$

Equation,

 Δl : A pulse travel (mm);

 ΔS : Servo motor stroke per revolution (mm/r);

 P_t : Encoder feedback pulses per revolution (pulse/r) \circ

The system has four multiplier circuit, so $P_t=4\times C$, wherein, C refers to the number of lines per revolution of encoder. In this system, C = 2500 lines / turn, so Pt = 10000 pulses / turn.

A command pulse multiplies electronic gear ratio G and then it can be transferred into position control pulse, so a command pulse stroke is expressed as follows:

$$\Delta I^* = \frac{\Delta S \times G}{Pt}$$
Command Pulse Divider numerator

Equation, G =

Command Pulse Divider denominator

When the drive is used for numerical control system, the parameters P12 and P13 are calculated as follows:

P12 Mechanical reduction ratio x system pulse equivalent x 10000

```
P13 Screw pitch(mm)
General CNC pulse equivalent: 0.001mm
```



8.3.4 Basic Parameters Adjustment Diagrams

Servo System start-stop feature refers to the time of acceleration and deceleration, which is determined by the load inertia, start, and stop frequency, and also limited by the servo drive and servo motor performance. Frequent start-stop, too short acceleration and deceleration time, too big load inertia will result in overheating of the drive and motor, over voltage alarm of main circuit. Therefore it must be adjusted upon the actual conditions.

1) Load inertia and start-stop frequency

When used under the situation of high start-stop frequency, it is necessary to confirm in advance whether the motor is in the allowed frequency range. Allowed frequency range varies in terms of the different motor type, capacity, load inertia, and motor speed. Under the condition of load inertia of m times motor inertia, start-stop frequency and recommended acceleration and deceleration time of servo motor are as follows:

Multiples of the load inertia	Allowed start-stop frequency
m≤3	>100Times/min: Acceleration and deceleration time constant is 500 or less
m≤5	$60 \sim 100$ Times/min: Acceleration and deceleration time is 150 or less
m>5	<60Times/min: Acceleration and deceleration time is 50 or less

2) Impact of servo motor

Different types of servo motors permitted start-stop frequency and acceleration and deceleration time vary according to different load conditions, run-time, duty cycle, and ambient temperature. Please refer to electrical specifications and make the adjustment upon specific conditions, to avoid overheating resulted in the alarm or affect the service life.

3) Adjustment method

General load inertia should be less than 5 times of rotator inertia. If always used for large load inertia, the motor may generate over-voltage of main circuit or abnormal braking at the time of slowing down, and then the following methods can be adopted:

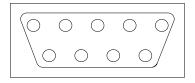
- Increase the acceleration and deceleration time. You can set a little too big value firstly and then gradually reduce it to be an appropriate value.
- Reduce the internal torque limit value and lower current limit.
- Reduce the maximum motor speed.
- Use motor with bigger power and inertia.



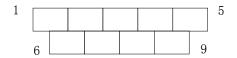
Chapter IX Communication between servo driver and PC

9.1 Connection of communication line

The PC terminal uses standard DB9, as following diagram:

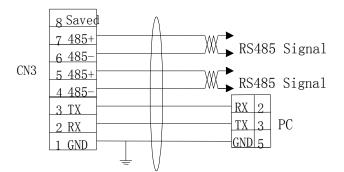


Look from the front



Note: The diagram show the welding connecting side

As there is special definition of servo driver, so it's better to use our special communication line (USB-TO-COM). If use RS-232 interface, the driver's definition as below: Note. Different terminals of driver should use different wiring method.



Note. Different terminals of driver should use different wiring method.

9.2 Preparation work before Communication

1. Check the driver version no.: operation mode: Driver power on, check P0, Version no must 2024 or above;

2. Sure the communication signal, communication baud rate in driver can correspond to PC software;



3. Sure the communication software is installed, connection is good.

9.3 Communication

Open SEVERSOFT.EXE software; choose language and the interface come out as below:

中文(Chinese) 英文(English) 其它(Ohter)	
S parameters of the serve drive management soft Drive status] [[Drive parameters]]	TAILS
Communications Management Baud Rate Selection C 4800 bps C 9600 bps C 19200 bps C 38400 bps C 57600 bps C 115200 bps C COM5 C COM	4 motor is stopped. 2. please match the baud rate of diver
System Status Parameter name Value Unit Motor speed Unknown r/min Motor current Unknown 0.01A Motor load rate Unknown W Motor position Unknown Pulse Motor pulse Unknown Pulse Position deviation Unknown Pulse Pulse frequency Unknown 0.1KHz Analog input value Unknown V Alarm code Unknown V	IO status Input Detection □ Servo enable □ INTH □ Alarm Clear □ Mode □ Find origin □ Limit+ □ Limit-
The current state of communication	-Output detection ┌ Coin signal ┌ Alarm output ┌ Brake output ┌ Servo ready

According to drive's parameters to change the communication baud rate (P44 parameters of driver),

The port selection (right-click My computer-Device Manager-COM and LPT, select the serial port except COM1) and communication signal (P43 parameters of driver), after set up completed, click the link, the bottom of left corner of the interface will show

"communication connection OK"



Click on driver's parameters, the parameters interface will come out as below:

Drive	status] [Drive parameters] Read documents for pe		Parameters input	drive Recovery factory numerical
rive 1	Parameter Management	arameters	/	Parameters saved on dr.
Back	sup file Load the file U	ata import file	Factory Re	eset Curing parameters
No.	Parameter name	Value	File value 🔷	Parameter Description:
PÓ	Software version	Unknown		Parameter No. : Software version
P1	Parameter password	Unknown		Range of parameters:2015~2050
P2	Motor model	Unknown		Parameter Units:
P3	Boot display	Unknown	0	Default:2015
P4	Control mode	Unknown	0	Effective way of:Fixed parameters cannot be
P5	Servo enable control	Unknown	0	modified.
P6	Servo input signal INTH function	Unknown	0	Applied in a manner:P,S,T
P7	Limit input control	Unknown	0	Description:
P8	Coin output mode	Unknown	0	Display different versions
P9	Alarm output mode	Unknown	0	
P10	Pulse mode	Unknown	0	
P11	Motor direction	Unknown	0	
P12	Electronic gear numerator	Unknown	0	
P13	Electronic gear denominator	Unknown	0	
P14	Positioning completion scope	Unknown	0	
P15	Position deviation alarm range	Unknown	0	
P16	Position gain	Unknown	0	
P17	Position feed-forward	Unknown	0	
P18	Position smoothing constant	Unknown	0	
P19	Position acceleration time	Unknown	0	
P20	Position deceleration time	Unknown	0	
P21	Speed gain	Unknown	0	
P22	Speed integral	Unknown	0	
P23	Acceleration time (speed)	Unknown	0	
P24	Deceleration time (speed)	Unknown	0	
P25	Analog input method	Unknown	0	
P26	Analog Max. speed	Unknown	0	
P27	Torque Max. speed	Unknown	0	Value: Unknown
P28	Analog input filter coefficient	Unknown	0	But the Management of the second
P29	Analog input voltage at zero	Unknown	0	Revised to: Unimon Enter

After this interface come out, you can set up parameters.

9.4 Problem and solution during the communication processing

1. In case of servo drives alarm, it may not communicate even the cable connect is correct Solution: exclude the alarm of driver and restart the driver.

2. The communication can not work when select the wrong communication baud rate. Solution: Pull out of USB disk and reconnection, restart driver's communication software.

3. The driver may not communicate when plug the USB and start driver in repeatedly and quickly.

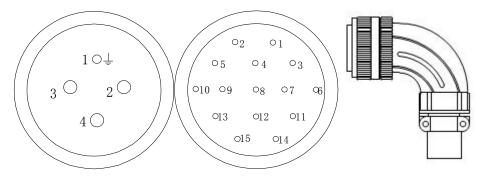
Solution: In this case, the USB disk and driver communication need a certain reaction time, and wait for a moment in intercellular communication.



Supplemental pages

QS7 series drive have three different types of terminals, and different definitions of motor lead wire, as follows.

1. Aviation plug model electrical motor defined (motor side):



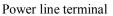
Note: Welding line from the side view

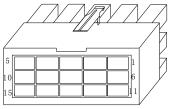
Aviation plug the definition of power lines							
Serial No.	Name	Color	Remark				
1	PE	Yellow/Green	Ground wire				
2	U	Red	Motor U Phase				
3	V	Green	Motor V Phase				
4	W	Black	Motor W Phase				
	Aviation plug the definition of Encoder line						
Serial No.	Name	Color	Remark				
1	FG	_	Shielded cable				
2	5V	Red	Voltage 5V				
3	0V	Red & White	Voltage 0V				
4	A+	Black	Encoder A +Signal				
5	B+	Brown	Encoder B + Signal				
6	Z+	Yellow	Encoder Z + Signal				
7	A-	Black & White	Encoder A-Signal				
8	В-	Brown & White	Encoder B-Signal				
9	Z-	Green	Encoder Z-Signal				
10	U+	White	Encoder U+ Signal				
11	V+	Orange	Encoder V+ Signal				
12	W+	Grey	Encoder W+ Signal				
13	U-	Purple	Encoder U- Signal				
14	V-	Blue	Encoder V- Signal				
15	W-	Orange & White	Encoder W- Signal				



2. Fast terminal model electrical motor definition







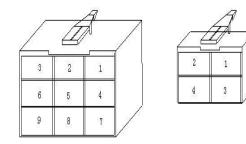
encoder Terminal

Note: Welding ling from the side view

Power lines fast terminal motor outlet side definition					
Serial No.	Name	Color			
			Remark		
1	U	Red	Motor U Phase		
2	V	Yellow	Motor V Phase		
3	W	Blue	Motor W Phase		
4	PE	Yellow & Green	Ground wire		
Encoder fast terminal motor outlet side definition					
1	FG		Shielded cable		
2	5V	Red	Voltage 5V		
3	0V	Black	Voltage 0V		
4	B+	Green	Encoder B+ Signal		
5	Z-	Yellow & Black	Encoder Z- Signal		
6	U+	Brown	Encoder U+ Signal		
7	Z+	Yellow	Encoder Z+ Signal		
8	U-	Brown & Black	Encoder U- Signal		
9	A+	Blue	Encoder A+ Signal		
10	V+	Grey	Encoder V+ Signal		
11	W+	White	Encoder W+ Signal		
12	V-	Grey& Black	Encoder V- Signal		
13	A-	Blue & Black	Encoder A- Signal		
14	B-	Green & Black	Encoder B- Signal		
15	W-	White & Black	Encoder W- Signal		



3. Economical encoder mode and motor lead wire definition (QS7AA010M/020M/030M)



Encoder 9 pin

Power connector 4 pin

	Aviation plug the definition of power lines					
Pin No.	Name	Color	Remark			
1	U	Red	Motor U Phase			
2	V	White	Motor V Phase			
3	W	Black	Motor W Phase			
4	PE	Yellow/Green	Ground wire			
	Aviation plug the definition of Encoder line					
Pin No.	Name	Color	Remark			
1	5V	Red	Voltage 5V			
2	0V	Black	Voltage 0V			
3	A+	Blue	Encoder A +Signal			
4	A-	Blue/Black	Encoder A - Signal			
5	B+	Green	Encoder B + Signal			
6	B-	Green/Black	Encoder B - Signal			
7	Z+	Yellow	Encoder Z + Signal			
8	Z-	Yellow/Black	Encoder Z - Signal			
9	<u>Shield</u>					